receipt of the written request that is accompanied by an executed copy of the protective agreement.

- (f) Answers, interventions and comments. Unless otherwise ordered by the Commission, answers, interventions, and comments to a complaint must be filed within 20 days after the complainant requests privileged treatment for information in its complaint, answers, interventions, and comments are due within 30 days after the complaint is filed. In the event there is an objection to the protective agreement, the Commission will establish when answers will be due.
- (g) Complaint resolution paths. One of the following procedures may be used to resolve complaints:
- (1) The Commission may assign a case to be resolved through alternative dispute resolution procedures in accordance with §§385.604–385.606, in cases where the affected parties consent, or the Commission may order the appointment of a settlement judge in accordance with §385.603;
- (2) The Commission may issue an order on the merits based upon the pleadings;
- (3) The Commission may establish a hearing before an ALJ;
- (h) Fast Track processing. (1) The Commission may resolve complaints using Fast Track procedures if the complaint requires expeditious resolution. Fast Track procedures may include expedited action on the pleadings by the Commission, expedited hearing before an ALJ, or expedited action on requests for stay, extension of time, or other relief by the Commission or an ALJ.
- (2) A complainant may request Fast Track processing of a complaint by including such a request in its complaint, captioning the complaint in bold type face "COMPLAINT REQUESTING FAST TRACK PROCESSING," and explaining why expedition is necessary as required by section 385.206(b)(11).
- (3) Based on an assessment of the need for expedition, the period for filing answers, interventions and comments to a complaint requesting Fast Track processing may be shortened by the Commission from the time provided in section 385.206(f).

- (4) After the answer is filed, the Commission will issue promptly an order specifying the procedure and any schedule to be followed.
- (i) Simplified procedure for small controversies. A simplified procedure for complaints involving small controversies is found in section 385.218 of this subpart.
- (j) Satisfaction. (1) If the respondent to a complaint satisfies such complaint, in whole or in part, either before or after an answer is filed, the complainant and the respondent must sign and file:
- (i) A statement setting forth when and how the complaint was satisfied; and
- (ii) A motion for dismissal of, or an amendment to, the complaint based on the satisfaction.
- (2) The decisional authority may order the submission of additional information before acting on a motion for dismissal or an amendment under paragraph (c)(1)(ii) of this section.

[Order 225, 47 FR 19022, May 3, 1982, as amended by Order 602, 64 FR 17097, Apr. 8, 1999; Order 602-A, 64 FR 43608, Aug. 11, 1999; Order 647, 69 FR 32440, June 10, 2004]

### § 385.207 Petitions (Rule 207).

- (a) General rule. A person must file a petition when seeking:
- (1) Relief under subpart I, J, or K of this part:
- (2) A declaratory order or rule to terminate a controversy or remove uncertainty;
- (3) Action on appeal from a staff action, other than a decision or ruling of a presiding officer, under Rule 1902;
  - (4) A rule of general applicability; or
- (5) Any other action which is in the discretion of the Commission and for which this chapter prescribes no other form of pleading.
- (b) Declarations of intent under the Federal Power Act. For purposes of this part, a declaration of intent under section 23(b) of the Federal Power Act is treated as a petition for a declaratory order.

### § 385.208

(c) Except as provided in §381.302(b), each petition for issuance of a declaratory order must be accompanied by the fee prescribed in §381.302(a).

[Order 225, 47 FR 19022, May 3, 1982, as amended by Order 395, 49 FR 35357, Sept. 7, 1984]

### §385.208 [Reserved]

# § 385.209 Notices of tariff or rate examination and orders to show cause (Rule 209).

- (a) Issuance. (1) If the Commission seeks to determine the validity of any rate, rate schedule, tariff, tariff schedule, fare, charge, or term or condition of service, or any classification, contract, practice, or any related regulation established by and for the applicant which is demanded, observed, charged, or collected, the Commission will initiate a proceeding by issuing a notice of tariff or rate examination.
- (2) The Commission may initiate a proceeding against a person by issuing an order to show cause.
- (b) Contents. A notice of examination or an order to show cause will contain a statement of the matters about which the Commission is inquiring, and a statement of the authority under which the Commission is acting. The statement is tentative and sets forth issues to be considered by the Commission.
- (c) Answers. A person who is ordered to show cause must answer in accordance with Rule 213.

# § 385.210 Method of notice; dates established in notice (Rule 210).

- (a) *Method*. When the Secretary gives notice of tariff or rate filings, applications, petitions, notices of tariff or rate examinations, and orders to show cause, the Secretary will give such notice in accordance with Rule 2009.
- (b) Dates for filing interventions and protests. A notice given under this section will establish the dates for filing interventions and protests. Only those filings made within the time prescribed in the notice will be considered timely.

### § 385.211 Protests other than under Rule 208 (Rule 211).

(a) General rule. (1) Any person may file a protest to object to any applica-

tion, complaint, petition, order to show cause, notice of tariff or rate examination, or tariff or rate filing.

- (2) The filing of a protest does not make the protestant a party to the proceeding. The protestant must intervene under Rule 214 to become a party.
- (3) Subject to paragraph (a)(4) of this section, the Commission will consider protests in determining further appropriate action. Protests will be placed in the public file associated with the proceeding.
- (4) If a proceeding is set for hearing under subpart E of this part, the protest is not part of the record upon which the decision is made.
- (b) Service. (1) Any protest directed against a person in a proceeding must be served by the protestant on the person against whom the protest is directed.
- (2) The Secretary may waive any procedural requirement of this subpart applicable to protests. If the requirement of service under this paragraph is waived, the Secretary will place the protest in the public file and may send a copy thereof to any person against whom the protest is directed.

# § 385.212 Motions (Rule 212).

- (a) General rule. A motion may be filed:
- (1) At any time, unless otherwise provided:
- (2) By a participant or a person who has filed a timely motion to intervene which has not been denied;
- (3) In any proceeding except an informal rulemaking proceeding.
- (b) Written and oral motions. Any motion must be filed in writing, except that the presiding officer may permit an oral motion to be made on the record during a hearing or conference.
- (c) Contents. A motion must contain a clear and concise statement of:
- (1) The facts and law which support the motion; and
- (2) The specific relief or ruling requested.

[Order 225, 47 FR 19022, May 3, 1982, as amended by Order 225–A, 47 FR 35956, Aug. 18, 1982; Order 376, 49 FR 21705, May 23, 1984]

# § 385.213 Answers (Rule 213).

(a) Required or permitted. (1) Any respondent to a complaint or order to